## 2007 年全国中学生英语能力竞赛(NEPCS)初赛 初二年级组试题

(总分:150分 答题时间:120分钟)

**听力部分**(共四大题,计 30 分)

I. 句子理解(Sentences) ( $\pm 5$ 小题, $\pm 5$ 分)

听句子,选择与所听句子意思相同或最相近的选项。每个句子只读一遍。(You will hear five sentences. Choose the sentence which has the same or a similar meaning to the sentence you hear. Each sentence will be read only once.)(答案涂在答题纸上)

- 1. A. Tim has a stomachache.
  - C. Jim has a toothache.
- 2. A. He plays football twice a week.
  - C. She never plays football twice a week.
- 3. A. I'll buy a piano this Sunday.
  - C. I'll play the piano this Saturday.
- 4. A. The visitor is leaving Italy.
  - C. The singer wants to go to Spain.
- 5. A. Mr Brown is forty years old this year. C. Mr Brown is fifty years old this year.
- II. 问句应答(Responses)(共5小题,计5分)

听句子,选出最佳的应答句。每个句子只读一遍。(You will hear five questions. Choose the best answer to each question. Each question will be read only once.) (答案涂在答题纸上)

- 6. A. Six dollars.
- 7. A. It's red. 8. A. At the weekends.
- B. To the beach. 9. A. The hospital is over there.
- C. Sorry, I'm new here.
- 10. A. Thanks very much.
  - C. See you later.

- B. Tim has a bad cold.
- D. Jim has a sore throat.
- B. He plays football twice a month.
- D. She plays football once a week.
- B. I bought a piano last Sunday.
- D. I'll have a piano lesson this Sunday.
- B. The visitor is leaving for Spain.
- D. The singer is going to Italy.
- B. Mr Black is forty-five years old this year.
- D. Mr Black is thirty-five years old this year.

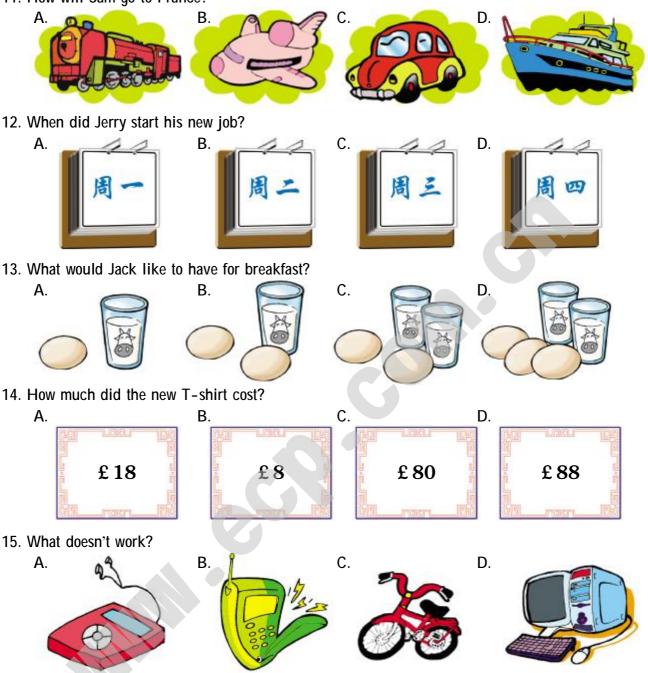
D. Once a week.

- C. Every day. C. It's beautiful. D. It's over there.
  - C. We went by bike. D. It was great.
  - B. The cinema is near here.
  - D. Thank you all the same.
  - B. That's very kind of you.
  - D. Here you are.
- III. 对话理解(Dialogues)(共 10 小题,计 10 分)

A) 听五组小对话,选择描述正确的图片回答问题。每组对话读两遍。(You will hear five mini-dialogues. Choose the best picture for each question. Each dialogue will be read twice.) (答案 涂在答题纸上)

B. Five miles. B. It's windy.

11. How will Sam go to France?



B) 听一组长对话,根据其内容选择最佳选项回答下列问题。对话读两遍。(You will hear a long dialogue. Choose the best answer to each question. The dialogue will be read twice.) (答案涂 在答题纸上)

16. What kind of school did Peter go to?

- A. Driving school. B. Language school. C. Music school. D. Sports school.
- 17. How long is a lesson?
  - A. Forty-five minutes.
    - C. Thirty minutes.
- 18. What is the teacher's car like? B. Fast.
  - A. Big.

D. New. C. Expensive.

B. Fourteen minutes.

D. An hour.

- 19. Why did Peter NOT pass his driving test?
  - A. He went shopping with his friend.
  - C. He didn't see the traffic lights.
- 20. Who will give Peter his next lessons? A. His friend. B. His father.
- B. He helped do the housework.

D. He bought an old car for the test.

C. His teacher. D. His brother.

IV. 短文理解(Passages) (共 10 小题, 计 10 分)

A) 听短文,根据其内容选择最佳选项回答下列问题或完成下列句子。短文读两遍。(You will hear a passage. Choose the best answer to each question or complete each sentence according to the passage. The passage will be read twice.) (答案涂在答题纸上)
 21 How many children are there in Sally's family?

ZT. HOW Many Chin	lien ale mere in Sany's fan	iiiy:	
A. Two.	B. Three.	C. Four.	D. Five.
22. Who is Sally's y	oungest child?		
A. Eric.	B. Nancy.	C. Tony.	D. Jason.
23. Sally was	when she came home	from work one day.	
A. sad	B. surprised	C. happy	D. angry
24. The weather gir	I said it would be a	day the next day.	
A. rainy	B. sunny	C. windy	D. snowy
25 Why was Tony	very hanny?		

- 25. Why was I ony very happy?
  - A. He could have a picnic. C. His mother came home.

- B. He could go to the beach.
- D. He could play with Eric and Nancy.

B) 非选择题:听短文,根据其内容完成下面的表格,每空一词。短文读两遍。(You will hear a passage. Complete the form according to the passage. Use only one word for each blank. The passage will be read twice.) (答案写在答题纸上)

POP CONCERT					
Name of group:		26	River		
Dates in London:	From:	28th October			
	To:	2nd Nove	mber		
Price of ticket:	27.	£			
Telephone number:	28.				
Place:	29.		Bank Hall		
Name of street:	30.		Street		

笔试部分(共七大题,计120分)

I. 选择填空(Multiple-choice) (共 20 小题;每小题 1 分, 计 20 分)

A) 从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出能够替换划线部分的最佳选项。(Beneath each of the following sentences there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the best answer to replace the underlined word or phrase.) (答案涂在答题纸上)

31. — How much money did you spend on the new MP4 player?

Thirty pounds.
A. take
B. cost
C. buy
D. pay for
32. The farmers didn't stop to have a rest till it began to rain suddenly.
A. after
B. before
C. when
D. while

33. — What are the most popular ways of getting to school in your town? — Bus and bike. C. means A. problems B. clubs D. roads 34. — What's the matter? — I'm not feeling well. I have a headache. B. afraid C. bored D. bad A. wrong 35. — What time did the team get to the top of the mountain? — At about 4:30 pm. C. arrive A. come B. qo D. arrive at B) 从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。(Beneath each of the following sentences there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the answer that best completes the sentence.)(答案涂在答题纸上) 36. — \_\_\_\_\_ do these schoolboys play basketball after school? — Never. B. How long C. How soon D. How often A. How far 37. — How can I be in good \_\_\_\_\_? — I think having a lifestyle is very important. A. healthy; health B. health; healthy C. healthy; healthy D. health; health 38. — I'll send you a postcard when I get to Scotland \_\_\_\_\_ December, 2007. — That sounds \_\_\_\_\_! Thanks! B. in; great C. at; good A. on: well D. in; terrible 39. — Can I ask you some questions \_\_\_\_\_ your vacation plans? — Yes, I'm just planning \_\_\_\_\_ Paris. A. about: come C. about; to go to B. for; visiting D. on; flew to 40. — Who is the woman under the tree near the house? — She is aunt. A. David's and Linda's B. David and Linda's C. David and Linda D. David's and Linda 41. Chris got \_\_\_\_\_ "C" and John got \_\_\_\_ "A" in the English exam. B. an; an C. a; an D. an; a A. a; a 42. — Who taught Japanese last year? - Nobody. I just learned it by \_\_\_\_\_. A. your; myself B. you; I C. yours; me — Lucy is as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_at sports as Lily, but Lily is a little \_\_\_\_\_\_ C. yours; me D. you; myself 43. — Lucy is as than Lucy. A. good; taller B. well; smarter 44. — Don't \_\_\_\_\_ late next time, Julia. B. well; smarter C. better; funnier D. poor; thin — Sorry, Miss Green. I again. A. be; won't B. will be; don't do C. is; didn't do D. are; won't do 45. — Oh, sorry! I forgot \_\_\_\_\_\_ some eggs for you just now. I'll have to go to the supermarket again. - Don't worry, but would you mind \_\_\_\_\_ the box out when you leave? A. to get; take B. getting; carry C. buying; carrying D. to buy; taking 46. — Would you like to go to the zoo with us this afternoon? — That's all right. Maybe next time. A. Sure, I'd love to B. I'm afraid not. I'm busy now

C. Sounds like a good idea

D. I can't wait. Let's go

C. Many thanks

D. Bad luck

47. — Happy Mother's Day, mum! Here are some flowers for you.

— , Peter. They're lovely.

A. The same to you B. Not at all

48. — I like watching films. What about you?

- Why?
- Because they are more exciting than films.
- OK, let's watch a basketball match now.
- A. I enjoy watching films more than sports programmes
- B. I like watching sports programmes better than films
- C. Weather reports are my favourite programmes
- D. Let's watch news programmes first
- 49. Could you send me an e-mail about the meeting next week?
  - Of course. ?
  - It's dora@hotmail.com.
  - A. What's your mobile phone number B. Which city do you live in
  - C. How is the meeting going

- D. Can I have your e-mail address

50. — , madam?

- I want a T-shirt for my daughter. Tomorrow is her birthday.
- What about this green one? It's beautiful, and very cheap.
- A. How is the weather
- C. Where's the clothing shop
- B. Can I help you
  - D. What do you do

II. 阅读理解(Reading comprehension) (共 20 小题;选择题 5 小题,每小题 1 分;非选择题 15 小题,每小题2分,计35分)

A) 选择题:阅读下面的短文,根据短文内容从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C和D)中,选出 能回答所提问题的最佳选项。(Read the following passage which is followed by five questions. For each of them there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the one that fits best according to the passage.)(答案涂在答题纸上)



Julia was a young woman. She was 25 years old. It was 1997, and she was living in a large California redwood tree. This tree was over 600 years old. Julia wanted to save trees like this one. A company wanted to cut them down, but the company didn't cut down this tree. Julia was living in it!

What did Julia do every day? She got up early. The mornings were cold, so she got dressed fast. She combed her hair and washed her face. Then she cooked breakfast. In the morning, Julia read her letters. She got a lot of letters every week. In the afternoon, she exercised. She climbed around in the tall tree. After that, she talked to many people on her mobile phone. Many people wanted to learn about her ideas. Friends came. They brought fresh water, food, and clothes. Julia went to sleep at 9:00 pm.

Julia lived in the tree for 738 days. Life in the tree was difficult. In winter, it snowed and it was very windy. Sometimes Julia was afraid, but

she didn't come down. Finally, the company said, "We aren't going to cut down the tree." Then

Julia came down from the tree.

- 51. Where did Julia live in 1997?
  - A. In California with her family.
  - C. In a big California redwood tree.
- 52. Why couldn't the company cut down the tree?
  - A. Because Julia was living in the tree.
  - B. Because the company had no money to buy it.
  - C. Because the company didn't want to cut it down.
  - D. Because Julia paid money to the company.
- 53. What did Julia NOT do in the morning?

A. Comb her hair. B. Wash her face. C. Do some exercise. D. Read her letters.

- 54. How long did Julia live in the tree?
  - A. Six months. B. A year.
- 55. Which of the following is WRONG?
  - A. Julia was 25 years old in 1997.
  - B. Living in the tree wasn't easy.
  - C. Finally the company decided not to cut down the tree.
  - D. Nobody gave Julia water or food.

B) 非选择题:阅读下列三篇短文,然后按短文后的要求完成所给出的题目。(Read the following three passages. Each passage is followed by several questions. Respond to the questions according to the passage.) (答案写在答题纸上)

## Α

The fastest computers in the world are supercomputers. Supercomputers are too expensive for most people. Only large companies and governments can buy them. Even a very rich person cannot buy one.

There are two kinds of supercomputers. Massive Parallel Processing, or MPP machines, use thousands of normal computer parts. These supercomputers are very fast and easy to build. They have one problem. They use a lot of energy. They are, however, the most popular supercomputers. Seven of the ten fastest supercomputers in the world are MPP machines. The other kind of supercomputer is a Vector

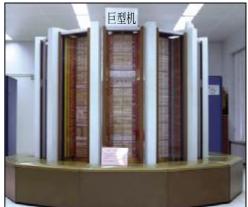
Processing computer. These computers can solve just one kind of problem.

Two of the most important uses for supercomputers are weather and medical research. Supercomputers study the Earth's weather. They also study diseases and help make new medicines.

Ouestions 56-60: 根据上面的短文内容,完成下面的短文,每空一词。(Complete the following passage according to the passage above. Use only one word for each blank.) (答案写在答题纸上)

Supercomputers are the (56) \_\_\_\_\_\_ computers in the world, but they are very (57) \_\_\_\_\_\_. There are two kinds of supercomputers. MPP computers are very fast but need lots of (58) \_\_\_\_\_\_. Vector Processing computers only solve one kind of problem. We use supercomputers to study the (59) \_\_\_\_\_\_ and find (60) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. B

Australia is famous for its millions of kangaroos. They live in almost every part of the country. (61) <u>Many visitors like the kangaroos, but many Australians think the kangaroos are a big problem</u>.



- B. In a company in California.
- D. In a tall building in California.

C. Just over 2 years. D. Three years.



One big problem is that kangaroos eat grass. Most Australian farmers keep sheep, and sheep eat grass too. There is not enough grass for the kangaroos and the sheep. Australian farmers have to keep kangaroos off their land, but this is almost impossible. Kangaroos can easily jump fences.

Another problem only happens when there is no rain for a long time. When there is no rain, food and water are very hard to find. This means kangaroos have to move closer and closer to humans to find food. When there is no rain, kangaroos can be dangerous.

People in Australia kill some kangaroos. (62) <u>If there are fewer</u> kangaroos, there is more food for each kangaroo, and they don't have to

move closer to humans. Australians also teach their children not to touch or get near to kangaroos. Australian kids know kangaroos may be cute, but they can be dangerous.

Questions 61-62: 将文中划线的句子翻译成汉语。(Translate the underlined sentences into Chinese.)(答案写在答题纸上)

Questions 63-65: 根据短文内容回答下列各题。(Answer the following questions according to the passage.) (答案写在答题纸上)

C

63. Why can't farmers keep kangaroos off their land?

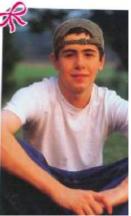
- 64. When do kangaroos move nearer to people for food?
- 65. What do Australian children learn not to do?



I'm crazy about fruit! Here in Egypt, we have good, fresh fruit all year round. In winter, my favourite fruit is dates (枣). They're really sweet. I also eat lots of bananas, pears, strawberries and apples. Fruit is good any time! We have apricots (杏) for only a few weeks in May, so they're special. Mabmaud Egypt

Mahmoud, Egypt

Everyone thinks Americans always eat beefburgers, but I never do. I'm a vegetarian! That means I don't eat meat. My favourite food is lasagne (卤汁宽面). It's made with pasta, cheese and vegetables. It's easy to make. It's from Italy, but it's very popular in my country. Mike, the United States of America





Do you know what I love for supper? A delicious steak. At home, my mother sometimes cooks steak and vegetables. My favourite vegetables are potatoes and carrots. My father likes his steak almost raw, but that's not for me. I like mine cooked well.

Paola, Brazil

Fish and chips (fried potatoes) are probably the UK's most famous food. But do you know what kind of food I really like? Chinese food! It's really popular here. I usually have something spicy. Last time I ate Chinese food, and I had spicy chicken. Next time, I think I'll have spicy beef. Nigel, England



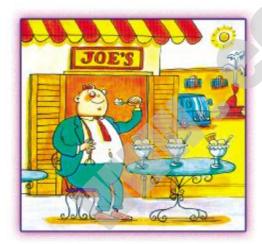
Questions 66-70: 阅读短文,根据其内容回答下列问题。(Answer the following questions according to the passage.) (答案写在答题纸上)

- 66. Why are apricots special for Mahmoud?
- 67. What does Mike never eat?
- 68. Which country is lasagne from?
- 69. What kind of vegetables does Paola like best?
- 70. Who enjoys Chinese food?

III. 完形填空(Cloze) (共 20 小题;每小题 1 分,计 20 分)

A) 阅读下面短文,根据其内容从所给的 12 个单词或短语中选择 10 个,并以其适当的形式 填空。(Read the passage below, and fill in the blanks with suitable forms of 10 words or phrases out of the 12 given according to the context.) (答案写在答题纸上)

eat; all; for; every; ice cream; during; far away; so; he; second; young; money



A man walked into Joe's café on a Saturday. He asked (71) \_\_\_\_\_\_ three ice creams. Joe thought this was a bit strange, because the man was alone. Joe didn't want to be rude, (72) \_\_\_\_\_\_ he didn't ask any questions. He made the ice creams for the man and took the man's (73) \_\_\_\_\_\_. The man sat at a table outside. Joe watched (74) \_\_\_\_\_\_. The man took one bite from one ice cream. Then the man took one bite from the (75) \_\_\_\_\_\_ ice cream. Then the man took a bite from the third ice cream. He continued eating this way until (76) \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the ice creams were gone. Then the man left Joe's café.

The next Saturday, the man returned. "Three ice creams,

please," he said to Joe.

"You know, " said Joe, "you don't need to order three (77) \_\_\_\_\_ at a time. They melt quickly. I can bring you the second one when you have finished the first."

"No, you don't understand," the man said. "I have two brothers. When we were (78) \_\_\_\_\_\_, we enjoyed eating ice creams together. Now, one of my brothers lives in Canada. My other brother lives in Australia. But (79) \_\_\_\_\_\_ Saturday, we each go to an ice cream shop. We each have three ice creams. We feel as if we are eating ice creams together. Then we don't feel so (80) \_\_\_\_\_."

"What a lovely story," Joe said. "Here are your three ice creams."

B) 阅读下面的短文,根据其内容用括号内所给动词的适当形式填空。(Read the passage below, and fill in the blanks with suitable forms of the verbs given in brackets.)(答案写在答题纸上) "Whatever can we do to (81) \_\_\_\_\_ (thank) the elves (精灵)?"

said the shoemaker.

"They must (82) \_\_\_\_\_ (be) cold without any clothes," (83) \_\_\_\_\_ (say) his wife. "I'll make them each a warm coat, a pair of trousers, and some socks."

"And I'll (84) \_\_\_\_\_ (make) them some shoes from the softest leather (皮革) I can buy," said the shoemaker.

It took hours (85) \_\_\_\_\_ (cut) out and make such small things, but by the next night everything was ready. The shoemaker and his wife (86) \_\_\_\_\_ (put) the clothes and shoes out on the workbench. Then they hid in the corner and (87) \_\_\_\_\_ (wait).



At midnight, the elves ran in. They jumped up and down when they

(88) \_\_\_\_\_ (see) the little coats and trousers, the socks and shoes, and put them on and danced around the room.

Then they ran out of the door, and it (89) \_\_\_\_\_ (be) the last time that the shoemaker and his wife saw the elves. But the shoemaker always (90) \_\_\_\_\_ (have) work, and he lived happily with his wife for the rest of his life.

IV. 句式转换(Sentence pattern transformation)(共5小题;每小题1分,计5分)

根据上句完成下句,使两句表达的意思基本相同,每空一词。(Complete the following sentences so that each pair of sentences has the same or a similar meaning. Use only one word for each blank.)(答案写在答题纸上)

?

91. I have lots of homework to do.

lots of homework for me to do.

- 92. Do you often take a boat to that town? Do you often go to that town
- 93. Why don't you go and play table tennis at 3:00 pm?

go and play table tennis at 3:00 pm?

- 94. Tina isn't as tall as her brother, Tom. Tina's brother, Tom, is \_\_\_\_\_ Tina.
- 95. Who helps you learn English every evening? Who \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ your English every evening?

V. 翻译(Translation) (共5小题;每小题2分,计10分)

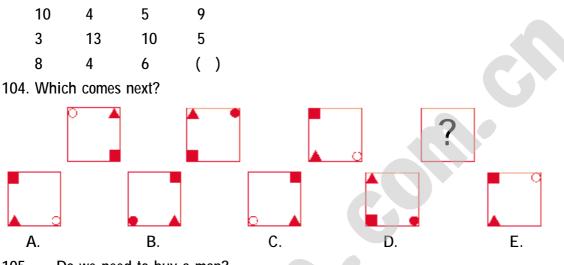
根据所给提示词语,将下列汉语句子翻译成英语。(Translate the following sentences into English, using the words given in brackets.)(答案写在答题纸上)

- 96. 对刘林来说,学习英语很重要。(be important for... to...)
- 97. 你家离学校很远吗? (far away from...)
- 98. 多么有趣的一本书啊! (what)
- 99. 吉姆应该和他的父母谈一下他的问题。 (talk with... about...)
- 100. 昨天我想和他们一起去购物,但是我太忙了。(busy)

VI. 智力测试(IQ)(共5小题;每小题1分,计5分)

按要求完成下列各题。(Answer the following questions.)(答案写在答题纸上)

- 101. Jim, John, Jerry, and Joe together bought a basket of 144 apples. Jim got 10 more apples than John, 26 more than Jerry, and 32 more than Joe. How many apples did Jim get?
- 102. Find the word hidden in the following sentence.e.g. Do you know how far Merlene Otty can run? farmerIf you wait, Eric Clapton will give you a gift.
- 103. Insert (插入) the missing number.



105. - Do we need to buy a map?

No, but don't worry. I used to (过去一直) live here, so I know it like the back of my hand.
 What does "know it like the back of my hand" mean here? You may answer it in Chinese or English.

VII. 写作(Writing)(共2小题; A题满分10分, B题满分15分, 计25分)

A) 根据下面的电子邮件以及鲜花订单,请以 Maria 的口吻给她的妈妈 Mary Jones 回复一封电子邮件。(只需完成正文部分)(作文写在答题纸上)

To: Maria Jones	Nice Flower Shop	
Date: 21 November	Flower Order Form	
Maria,	From: Maria Jones	
Don't forget your sister's birthday next week on	To: Lulu Jones	
25 November. I think you have her new ad-	Date: 25 November	
dress in York, but I'll give it to you again. It's	Address: 47, Shirley Road, York	
47, Shirley Road. Let me know if you have time	Price: £15	
to send her something.	Message on card: Happy Birthday, Lulu. Lots	
Mother	of love from Maria.	

要求:1. 将电子邮件和鲜花订单中的信息体现在短文中;

2. 语法正确,单词拼写规范正确;

3. 词数不少于 60(已给出的文字不计入总词数)。

To: Mary Jones		
Date: 21 November		
Mum,		
Love,		
Maria		

**B)** 以下为一篇短文的标题、开头与结尾部分,在阅读后充分发挥你的想象力,为短文写出中间部分。(作文写在答题纸上)

要求:1. 与短文的标题、开头、结尾相互呼应,段落之间衔接自然,过渡合理;

2. 语句通顺,语法正确,使用多种句式;

3. 词数在 80 左右(已给出的文字不计入总词数)。

## A Good Brother

One day, Mrs Wright said to her son before she went to work, "Jerry, stay at home and take care of your little sister." "Yes, mum," Jerry answered.

However, Jerry's little sister, Susan, didn't want to stay at home...

Jerry and Susan didn't get home until 7:00 in the evening. Mrs Wright was very angry because Jerry was very dirty and there was also a big hole in his T-shirt. But Susan thought Jerry was a good brother.