2007年全国中学生英语能力竞赛(NEPCS)决赛高一年级组试题

(总分:150分 答题时间:120分钟)

听力部分(共三大题,计30分)

I. 问句应答(Responses)(共5小题;每小题1分,计5分)

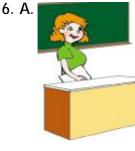
请听问句,然后从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个能够回答你所听到的句子的最佳选项。 每个句子只读一遍。(Listen to the following questions and choose the best response to each one. Each question will be read only once.)(答案涂在答题纸上)

- 1. A. No, I'd been there twice before.
 - C. Yes, I'll go there this May.
- 2. A. I'll go right now.
 - C. That's a good idea.
- 3. A. It's a pity that you can't come.
 - C. That's a great help.
- 4. A. I'll leave a message for you.
 - C. I don't know where you are from.
- 5. A. You're a little hard to please.
 - C. I can't afford it.

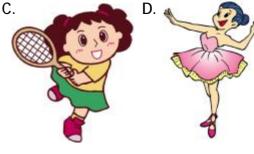
- B. No, it was my first visit.
- D. I like visiting the USA.
- B. Sorry to hear that.
- D. You're welcome.
- B. It's very kind of you to say so.
- D. OK, I'll come back later.
- B. I'm afraid he's not here now.
- D. I'd like to meet him now.
- B. I have the same problem.
- D. It costs 120 yuan.

II. 对话理解(Dialogues)(共15小题;每小题1分,计15分)

A) 请听下面五组小对话,每组对话后有一个问题,根据你所听到的对话内容,选择能回答 所提问题的最佳选项。每组对话和问题均读两遍。(Listen to the following mini-dialogues and choose the best answer or picture for each question. Each dialogue and question will be read twice.)(答案涂在答题纸上)







7. A. The coat is too large.		B. The price is a little high.		
C. The colour is too bright.		D. The coat doesn't suit her.		
8. A. At the man's home.		B. On the road.		
C. At the doctor's.		D. In a classroom.		
9. A. It's busy.	B. It's not clear.	C. Nobody answers. D. The number is wrong.		
10. A.	B.	C. D.		
B) 请听下面两段长对	话每组对话后有几个	个问题,根据你所听到的对话内容,选择能回答		
		e following dialogues and choose the best answer		
to each question. The dialog				
听第一段对话,回答第				
11. What does the professor		ns (预言) in the report?		
A. Puzzling.	B. Ridiculous.	C. Funny. D. Correct.		
12. How many degrees will		,		
A. 2-6°C.	B. 12-16℃.	C. 0−2°C. D. 6−12°C.		
13. What will be the result of				
A. The ice at the two po	•	B. The sea level will fall.		
C. There will not be enough fresh water.		D. The weather will become worse.		
14. Where will fresh water of	U			
A. Rainfall.		B. Underground water.		
C. Sea water.		D. Other planets.		
15. Why will the factory goo	ds cost more to produc	•		
A. The economy will get		B. Fresh water will be more expensive.		
C. Workers will be paid more.		D. More goods will be needed.		
听第二段对话,回答第	16至20小题。			
16. How much money does	he woman want to bor	row?		
A. £5,100.	B. £5,000.	C. £5,500. D. £500.		
17. Why does the woman wa	int to borrow money?			
A. To open a music sho	o for her son.	B. To open a clothes shop for herself.		
C. To open a flower shop for her daughter.		D. To open a bookstore for her husband.		
18. When did the man send	the form to the womar	1?		
A. Last week.	B. Yesterday.	C. This morning. D. Monday.		
19. What does the woman w	ant to know?			
A. Who to give the form back to.		B. Where to return the money.		
C. When to return the money.		D. How to fill in the form.		
20. What happens at the end of the conversation?				
A. The woman cancels h	er loan application.	B. The man agrees to lend her the money.		
C. The woman asks the man for more information. D. The man refuses to lend her the money.				

 III. 短文理解(Passages)(共10小题;每小题1分,计10分) A)请听下面一段材料,根据你所听到的内容,选择能回答下列问题的最佳选项。材料读两 						
遍 $_\circ$ (Listen to the following material and choose the best answer to each question. The material will						
be read twice.)(答案涂在答题纸上)						
21. What does Gemma like to do when she is running?						
A. Run with a friend.		B. Sing some songs.				
C. Listen to pop music.		D. Take her dog with her.				
22. How many hours does Gemma spend doing exercises every day?						
A. One hour.		B. Three hours.				
C. Two and a half hours.		D. Two hours.				
23. How does Gemma increase her energy level?						
A. She eats a lot of fruit.		B. She does exercises every day.				
C. She sleeps for at least eight hours per night. D. She takes some special medicine.						
24. Where does Gemma usually spend her vacation?						
A. In a bookstore.	B. At the seaside.	C. In her hometown. D. In the mountains.				
25. What is Gemma's job?						
A. A writer.	B. A teacher.	C. A singer. D. A doctor.				
B) 非选择题:请听下面一段材料,根据你所听到的内容,补全空白处所缺的信息,每空不						
超过三个词。材料读两遍。(Listen to the following material and fill in the missing information in						

超过三个词。材料读两遍。(Listen to the following material and fill in the missing information in each numbered space with NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS. The material will be read twice.) (答案写在答题纸上)

· · ·				
Location	215 (26), at the corner of Ridgepost Lane.			
Box office hours	Monday to Saturday: 11:00 am to 11:00 pm.			
Dux office flours	Sunday: 11:00 am to (27)			
Ticket prices	Afternoon and evening showings: \$8 for adults; (28) for senior citizens over the age of 65 and students with valid ID.			
	Lunchtime showings: \$5 for adults; \$3 for senior citizens and students.			
	Children aged 6 or under are admitted (29) when accom- panied by an adult.			
Where to buy tickets	At the box office or online up to 2 days before the film showing.			
How to pay	(30) and cash.			

Information about Flatiron Cinemas

笔试部分(共七大题,计120分)

I. 选择填空(Multiple-choice)(共15小题;每小题1分,计15分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。(Beneath each of the following sentences, there are four choices, marked A, B, C and D. Choose the answer that best completes the

sen	tence.)(答案涂在答题纸_	上)					
31.	Johnny, it's ba	d manners to blow yo	ur nose at	table.			
	A. /; the	B. the; /	C. a; the	D. the; a			
32.	I like living in the country	vside because the air th	nere is much fresher th	an in the city.			
	A. that	B. it	C. one	D. which			
33.	-I was cycling along the	street and, all of a sud	den, a car cut in and k	nocked me off my bicycle.			
	-Oh, dear! You can nev	er be caref	ul.				
	A. very	B. so	C. much	D. too			
34.	The film Transformers,	from a cartoo	n with the same name	, was first in the			
	USA on July 4, 2007.						
	A. adapted; shown		B. adjusted; shown off				
	C. adopted; shown		D. advocated; put on				
35.	-What's wrong with you	r pen?					
	—The ink cor	ne out.					
	A. mustn't	B. wouldn't	C. won't	D. shouldn't			
36.	why he came to	o do Twelfth Night, he	said that he felt a sort	of responsibility			
	Shakespeare's plays to C	hinese audiences.					
	A. Asked; introduced B. Asked; to introduce						
	C. Asking; to introduce D. Asking; introduced						
37.	Now, students can report	their problems and su	ggestions to the monit	or, will then pass			
them on to the head teacher.							
	A. which	B. that	C. they	D. who			
38.	—Are you still reading the	ne paper?					
	—No, I with i	t. You can have it.					
	A. am finishing	B. had completed	C. have finished	D. was completed			
39.	The world around us has o	changed a lot. Nowaday	ys the Internet provide	s easy to various			
	kinds of information.						
	A. way	B. access	C. entrance	D. means			
40.	40. Patti is the only one of the teachers who an opportunity to travel to New Delhi.						
	A. was given	B. were assumed	C. were given	D. was assumed			
41.	he works	not, I don't think	he will pass the exami	ination.			
	A. Neither; nor	B. Either; or	C. Both; and	D. Whether; or			
42. As a manager, you must always explain a situation as simply as possible to the workers							
they will understand.							
	A. in order	B. except for	C. because of	D. so that			
43.	43. — Do you like reading J.K. Rowling's books?						
—Yes, they're fantastic. But do you know the reasons they're so popular with children							
from so many different countries?							
	A. where	B. which	C. why	D. how			

44. —If our parents would listen to us more, they would understand us better.

_____ They just expect us to listen.

A. I believe not. B. No problem. C. What a stupid idea! D. I couldn't agree more. 45. —I don't feel like going out. Why don't we watch TV at home?

_____ You promised to take me out for dinner.

A. Come on! B. You're welcome! C. Not at all. D. That's all right.

II. 阅读理解(Reading comprehension)(共 20 小题;选择题 5 小题,每小题 1 分;非选择题 15 小题,每小题 2 分,计 35 分)

A) 选择题:阅读下面的短文,根据文意从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C和D)中,选出能回 答所提问题的最佳选项。(Read the following passage, which is followed by five questions. For each of them, there are four choices, marked A, B, C and D. Choose the one that fits best, accord-ing to the passage.)(答案涂在答题纸上)



Guide dogs help blind people who cannot get around by themselves. Although Yorkshire terriers and poodles are good companion dogs, guide dogs are chosen from larger breeds (品种) such as German shepherds, golden retrievers, and Labrador retrievers. The young dogs are raised by families until they are eighteen months old. During this time, they get lots of love and attention, but they are also taught to obey. Then the dogs go to a special school where, for four months, they work with a sighted trainer, an individual who can see. The dog forms a close relationship with this person who teaches it how to follow directions such as right, left, straight ahead, and stop. The young dog also learns to watch out for dangerous traffic and wait until it is safe to cross a busy street.

When the dog is two years old, it starts training with the blind person it will live with. The dog and its new owner make many trips from downtown to where the blind person lives so the dog becomes familiar with the normal atmosphere. During the training, a sighted trainer always remains with them. A blind person who is getting a guide dog for the first time will train for about a month. If the individual has had a dog before, the training takes about three weeks. After the training, the blind person depends on the guide dog for between seven and twelve years. At that point, the working dog becomes a family pet and the owner needs to train with a younger guide dog.

46. Which breed would NOT be trained as a guide dog?

- A. A German shepherd. B. A gold
- C. A Yorkshire terrier.

B. A golden retriever.

B. At eighteen months.

- D. A Labrador.
- 47. When do young dogs start training at a special school?
 - A. At four months.
 - C. At twenty-two months.
- 48. What does the guide dog learn to do during the training?
 - A. Look out for traffic problems.
 - C. Stay away from busy streets.
- D. At twenty-four months.
- B. Follow the trainer everywhere.
- D. Associate directions with food.

49. Who is constantly with the training team?

A. The school director.

B. Other blind people.

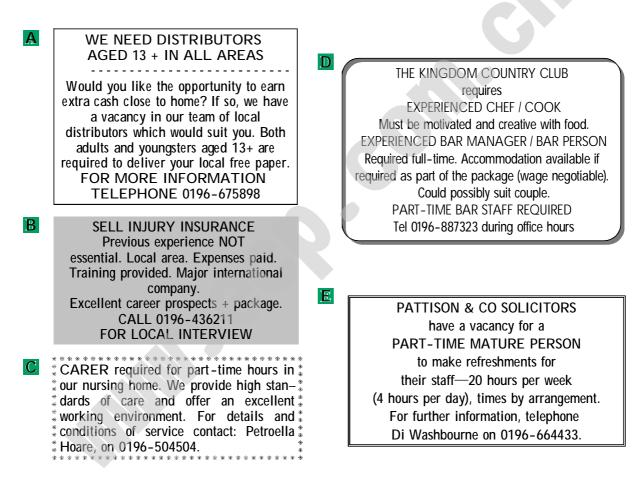
- C. A traffic policeman.
- D. A sighted trainer.

50. How old is the dog when the blind person can take it home?

- A. One and a half years old.
- B. Two years old.
- C. Seven years old. D. Twelve years old.

B) 非选择题:阅读下列三篇材料,然后按要求完成所给出的题目。(Read the following three texts. Each text is followed by several questions. Respond to the questions, according to the texts.) (答案写在答题纸上)

Α



Questions 51—55: Please fill in the blank with NO MORE THAN FIVE WORDS.

51. If a 15-year-old student wants a part-time job, he / she can telephone the number ______.

- 52. If a husband and wife want to find a new job together, they can apply for work at the
- 53. Advertisement B is advertised by _____.
 54. A part-time worker preparing snacks for company staff will work _____ per week.
 55. If you want to have very good working conditions, you can apply for a job in _____.

Harry Potter's Hermione Turns to Modelling

As Harry Potter's close companion Hermione Granger, Emma Watson plays the perfect pupil with

an innocent smile. But the 17-year-old is growing up fast. In a photo shoot for Tatler magazine, the young actress exchanged her neatly pressed Hogwarts school uniform for Yves Saint Laurent and Chanel.

Despite stepping out on to the social circuit (述 回) recently, Emma, from Oxford, said she remains reassuringly "normal".

"People who try to hide from fame can make it go completely the wrong way," she tells the magazine. "All those huge designer shades make them look like



bugs (臭虫)! I think the best way to cope is to try and live as normal a life as possible."

Despite her new modelling career, Emma insists she is planning to go to university to study philosophy. She is taking A-levels in English literature, geography and art history, and hopes to study philosophy at Cambridge University.

But Potter fans need not worry: the latest film of the popular film series, Harry Potter and the Order of the Phoenix, opened on July 13, and Emma says she definitely intends to do another film.

She admits, "I would do Harry Potter for nothing. It's not really anything to do with money."

Questions 56—60: Answer the following questions briefly.

56. Why did Emma wear Yves Saint Laurent and Chanel dresses?

57. What is Emma Watson's hometown?

58. What is Emma's attitude towards being famous?

59. Find a sentence in the passage which can be replaced by the following one.

Although Emma is now doing some modelling, she intends to take a university degree in philosophy.

60. Where does Emma want to go to study philosophy?

С

(61) British university students are the laziest in Europe, according to a survey of how much time they devote to their course work. Undergraduates across the UK put in an average 32-hour week during term-time, including lectures, seminars (讨论会), library time and working at home. The British performance was some way below the European average of 39 hours, and 10 hours a week behind the French, according to the Research Centre for Education and the Labour Market at Maastricht University.

A spokeswoman for the Department for Innovation, Universities and Skills said, "To make a judgment that British students are lazy from the hours they study is ludicrous (可笑的). (62) What we think is important is learning outcomes, not just time spent on a course."

Dutch students were the second least industrious (刻苦的), working 33 hours a week on average. But whereas Dutch universities said that they would use the findings of the research to put on more courses and increase the hours students work, there were no such plans in Britain.

The survey, of about 1,000 recent graduates from each of ten European countries with the best higher education records, showed that British students were the least likely to carry on with their studies at a higher level. Only 5 per cent of British students took up postgraduate studies compared with the European level of 18 per cent.

Wes Streeting, vice-president of the National Union of Students (NUS), added, "UK students work extremely hard, often studying while working to fund their studies. This is reflected in the high standard of UK graduates. However, this study does raise questions about levels of teaching contact time at UK universities in comparison to those across Europe. <u>This has been a long-term concern for the NUS</u>."

Questions 61-62: Translate the underlined sentences in the passage into Chinese.

Questions 63—65: Answer the following questions briefly.

- 63. How many hours on average do French students spend on their course work every week during term-time?
- 64. What do the Dutch universities plan to do with the results of the survey?
- 65. What does the underlined word "this" in the last paragraph refer to?

III. 完形填空(Cloze)(共15小题;每小题1分,计15分)

A) 阅读下面的短文,结合文意用右边所给单词的适当形式填空。(For questions 66—70, read the passage below. Use the word given in bold at the end of the line to form a suitable word that fits in the space on the same line.)(答案写在答题纸上)

A Modern Robinson Crusoe

After a collision (碰撞) between two ships in the Atlantic, Alan

Connaught from Dundee ended up unexpectedly living on a desert island.

 "I fell off the ship and no one noticed. A few hours (66) ______ late
 I found myself lying exhausted on a beach after (67) ______ for miles.
 swim

 It was freezing too, not warm and (68) ______, like Crusoe's island.
 sun

 The only (69) ______ I could find was to dig a hole in the sand as
 solve

 a shelter."
 solve

After an improvement in the weather, Alan waited to be rescued. He said, "There was little food and no fresh water. It was an (70) _____ healthy life, and I felt ill most of the time. I suffered from loneliness too, but then I found a village on the other side of the island! "

B) 阅读下面的短文,根据首字母的提示在空白处填上适当的单词,使短文意义完整。(For questions 71—80, read the passage below. Complete it by filling in one word in each blank. The

first letter of each word is provided.)(答案写在答题纸上)



Have you ever shared a room with someone, perhaps a brother, sister, or roommate? How did you get along with the other person? Did you work out a way to share the space (71) <u>w</u> conflict? Astronauts say that one of the most (72) <u>d</u> parts of space exploration is sharing a very small area with (73) <u>o</u> people for a long time. Spacecraft are designed to (74) <u>m</u> the best use of every bit of room. There is no alternative area (75) <u>t</u> astronauts can escape to for a quiet time all alone.

How do astronauts manage to have (76) g_____ relationships with their companions? First, astronauts are (77) c_____ selected for their skills, experience, physical fitness, and for their ability to get along with other people. They are (78) d_____ to make the space mission a success, even if that means (79) g_____ up some personal needs for the time being. Each member of the space (80) t_____ conducts research or experiments, and that takes up a lot of time. Then, there are "spacing" techniques such as listening to music on headphones or writing that can be done alone. Perhaps some of these activities will help you get along with your roommate better.

IV. 翻译(Translation)(共5小题;每小题2分,计10分)

用括号中所给的提示将下列句子译成英语。 (Translate the following sentences into English, using the hints given in the brackets.)(答案写在答题纸上)

81. 外面太吵以致于我无法集中精力做作业。(concentrate on)

82. 我认为我们不应该再花更多的时间在这个问题上。(devote... to...)

83. 到现在你本应该完成所有的工作了,可你却只完成了一半。(be supposed to)

84. 不但她的父母,而且连她弟弟也对歌剧感兴趣。(not only... but also...)

85. 她不在刚才到达的那列火车上。(定语从句)

V. 短文改错(Error correction)(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分, 计 10 分)

此题要求改正所给短文中的错误。对标有题号的每一行作出判断:如无错误,在该行右边的横线上画一个勾($\sqrt{}$);如有错误(每行只有一个错误),则按下列情况改正:

该行多一个词:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉,在该行右边横线上写出该词,并也用斜线(\)划掉。

该行缺一个词:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(\),在该行右边横线上写出该加的词。 该行错一个词:在错的词下划一横线,在该行右边横线上写出改正后的词。 注意:原行没有错的不要改。(答案写在答题纸上) Imagine it that one day you woke up and discovered that you had complete lost your memory. How would you feel? I thought this recently, after I was involved in a traffic accident. I woke up in hospital, and said to me, "It's time I got up and went to school! "I soon realised my mistake. A nurse came in and asked me what my name is. I thought about it for a moment and then said, "I wish I know! " Then I tried to get up. "I'd rather you didn't do that," said the nurse. "Don't worry, you'll have you memory back soon." "Now I am really worried! "I replied... Even I hadn't looked in my wallet, I wouldn't have known my own name and my memory wouldn't have come back so soon.

 86.

 87.

 88.

 89.

 90.

 91.

 92.

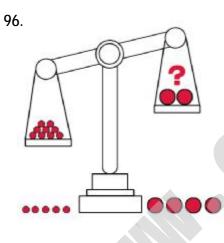
 93.

 94.

 95.

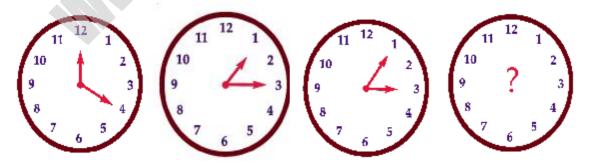
VI. 智力测试(IQ)(共5小题;每小题1分,计5分)

回答下列问题。(Answer the following questions.)(答案写在答题纸上)

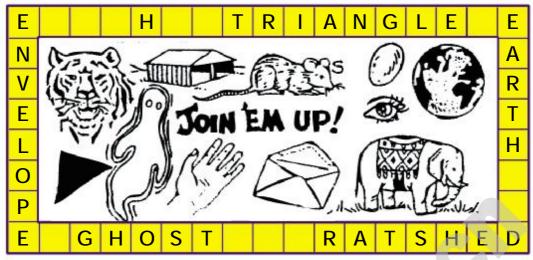


If each big ball weighs $1\frac{1}{3}$ times as much as each small one, what is the minimum number of balls of each size that need to be added to the right-hand side of the scales (天平) to make them balance?

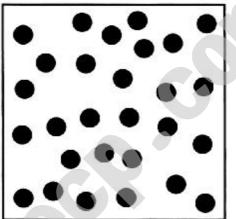
97. Can you work out what the blank clockface should look like? Please write down your answer.



98. Fit the names of the objects into the squares so that the last letter of one word is the beginning of the next. To help you six words are shown.



99. Use five straight lines to divide this square into seven sections containing 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 spots. The lines always touch one edge of the box, but not necessarily two.



100. Two men robbed a bank. They decided to bury the money they stole. If it took two men five days to dig a hole, how many days would it take them to dig half a hole?

VII. 写作(Writing)(共2题; A题满分10分, B题满分20分, 计30分)

A) A dictionary is necessary for an English learner. The following are some reasons for using a dictionary. Write a composition in about 80 words on the advantages of using a dictionary, in addition to the advantages given below.(答案写在答题纸上)

Reasons for Using a Dictionary in Learning English: Look up the meanings of English words and phrases. Find the English / Chinese translation of Chinese / English words. Find examples of the natural use of English words.

B) Recently, it was reported that many students at school are suffering from a serious lack of sleep. Write a composition in about 120 words, giving your opinion, based on your experience. (答案写在答题纸上)