

7. A. At the office. B. At Jenny's home. C. In a computer lab. D. In a phone shop.
 8. A. Terrible. B. Interesting. C. Boring. D. Silly.
 9. A. B. C. D.



10. A. What to do next. B. How to go jogging.
 C. How to stay healthy. D. What the man looks like.

B) 请听下面两段长对话, 然后根据你所听到的对话内容, 选择能回答所提问题的最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。(Listen to the following dialogues and choose the best answer to each question. The dialogues will be read twice.) (答案涂在答题纸上)

听第 1 段对话, 回答第 11-15 题。

11. When does the man decide to return?
 A. On Saturday the 10th. B. On Sunday the 11th.
 C. On Friday the 10th. D. On Saturday the 11th.
12. At what time will the plane arrive in Rome?
 A. At 12.30. B. At 12.00. C. At 9.00. D. At 8.30.
13. How long will the flight take?
 A. Two and a half hours. B. Three hours.
 C. Three and a half hours. D. Four hours.
14. How much is the flight ticket?
 A. £150. B. £165. C. £180. D. £195.
15. Who is the woman speaker?
 A. A travel agent. B. An operator. C. A ticket collector. D. A tour guide.

听第 2 段对话, 回答第 16-20 题。

16. Where does Mike work?
 A. In a gallery. B. In a hospital. C. In an art school. D. In a language school.
17. What did the woman do before she went to Beirut?
 A. She was a cleaner. B. She was a teacher.
 C. She was a shopkeeper. D. She was a student.
18. What does the woman want to do for a change?
 A. Learn to dance. B. Learn a new song.
 C. Learn to draw. D. Learn English.
19. Who is Omayma?
 A. An art teacher. B. A language teacher.
 C. A bank manager. D. A restaurant owner.
20. What is most difficult for the woman about learning Arabic?
 A. Grammar. B. Vocabulary. C. Idioms. D. Pronunciation.

III. 短文理解(Passages) (共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,计 10 分)

A)请听下面一段材料,根据你所听到的内容,选择能回答所提问题的最佳选项。材料读两遍。(Listen to the following material and choose the best answer to each question. The material will be read twice.) (答案涂在答题纸上)

21. When was the National Bank robbed?

- A. Last Saturday. B. This morning. C. Last Friday. D. This afternoon.

22. How much money was taken by the robber?

- A. About \$10,000. B. About \$100,000. C. About \$5,000. D. About \$50,000.

23. What kind of power does the newly invented car use?

- A. Wind power. B. Electric power. C. Solar power. D. Water power.

24. How long was the Desert Road closed yesterday?

- A. For six hours. B. For four hours. C. For three hours. D. For five hours.

25. Why was the Desert Road closed?

- A. Because of heavy snow. B. Because of heavy rain.
C. Because of an accident. D. Because of a flood.

B)非选择题:请听下面一段材料,根据你所听到的内容,补全空白处所缺的信息,每空不超过三个单词。材料读两遍。(Listen to the following material and fill in the missing information in each numbered space with no more than three words. The material will be read twice.) (答案写在答题纸上)

Tips on how to stay healthy

Tip No. 1

Eat breakfast nice and slowly. Don't start your day (26)_____.

Tip No. 2

Do yoga instead of going to (27)_____. Yoga helps you to get fit, relax and (28)_____ more clearly.

Tip No. 3

Have a bath for (29)_____ at the end of a hard day. This will help you to relax and will (30)_____.

笔试部分(共七大题,计 120 分)

I. 选择填空(Multiple-choice) (共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,计 15 分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。(Beneath each of the following sentences, there are four choices, marked A, B, C and D. Choose the answer that best completes the sentence.) (答案涂在答题纸上)

31. The people we met on holiday in _____ north of England sent us _____ postcard.

- A. /; the B. the; a C. the; the D. /; a

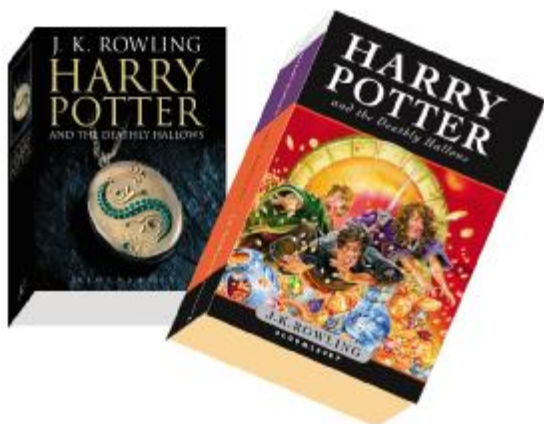
32. Listen! Can you hear the noise downstairs? _____ must be somebody breaking into the house.

- A. This B. These C. They D. There

33. He _____ up and down the room for an hour now thinking of the story he _____.
- A. is walking; has been writing B. walks; is writing
C. has been walking; is writing D. was walking; wrote
34. You need a password to get access _____ the system in that computer lab.
- A. for B. with C. in D. to
35. Service was included in the bill, so you _____ the waiter. It was a waste of money.
- A. needn't have tipped B. may not tip
C. will not tip D. must not tip
36. He might have left the money for the simple reason _____ he didn't know it was there.
- A. what B. why C. that D. which
37. Hardly _____ what she was doing, she picked up a little stick and held it out to the dog.
- A. to know B. having known C. knew D. knowing
38. The Treasury Department plans to remove older coins from _____ and replace them with new ones.
- A. circulation B. cooperation C. calculation D. introduction
39. —The next Andy Lau concert will be in Chengdu in December.
—Oh, could you be more _____?
—Yes, it's on December 26.
- A. proper B. particular C. specific D. special
40. To prepare for the 2008 Olympic Games, scientists have _____ a number of suggestions to improve the environment.
- A. made up B. put forward C. applied for D. put up
41. We have a suggestion to make. How _____ if we _____ you the job of assistant manager?
- A. do you feel; would offer B. are you feeling; did offer
C. you would feel; had offered D. would you feel; offered
42. Lynn was afraid of her boss. She outlined the case to him, being careful not to _____ anything _____.
- A. throw; up B. come; about C. leave; out D. look; over
43. It worried me that the letter had not arrived, especially _____ this had never happened before.
- A. as B. that C. though D. even
44. — _____.
- I know. I can't believe that it's Monday tomorrow.
- A. The weekend goes too quickly B. I had a very busy Monday yesterday
C. I'll have a wonderful weekend D. I'm planning to stay in this weekend
45. —Mum, I need to go to the toilet.
— _____.
- A. I shouldn't have gone before we came out B. You should have gone before we came out
C. You shouldn't have gone earlier D. We should have gone somewhere else

II. 阅读理解(Reading comprehension) (共 20 小题;选择题 5 小题,每小题 1 分,非选择题 15 小题,每小题 2 分,计 35 分)

A)选择题:阅读下面的短文,根据文意从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C 和 D)中,选出能回答所提问题的最佳选项。(Read the following passage, which is followed by five questions or unfinished statements. For each of them, there are four choices, marked A, B, C and D. Choose the one that fits best, according to the passage.) (答案涂在答题纸上)



Harry Potter is one of the most famous characters in the world. He is the main character of a series of books that have become a worldwide success. He is an English boy who has magical powers and discovers them when he goes to a special school for wizards. There are seven novels in the series, and the seventh in J.K. Rowling's Potter series was published on July 20th, 2007. Some 3,500 fans queued for half a mile outside Waterstone's flagship branch in central London on the night of July 20th, with an expected waiting time of four hours.

Parents and teachers are very happy about the books because children are spending more time reading than playing video games or watching television. It is incredible to see children waiting outside bookstores at night with their parents to buy the books. Some of the books are thick and heavy, but children don't seem to mind. They rush inside the store when it opens and grab one or more copies. (A) This has never happened to a book before. (B) In the past, we saw kids or their parents running into a store to grab the latest popular toy like Cabbage Patch Kids. (C) Harry Potter books have outsold these dolls, and they have set a world record as the best and fastest selling books in history. (D) Large parts of the books are about Harry trying to understand his new identity and making the choices that come along with it. Harry's choices and problems are basically problems that all young people have as they grow up.

46. According to paragraph 1, which of the following statements about the Harry Potter books is NOT true?

- A. Harry is one of the most popular characters in the world.
- B. Children don't mind waiting many hours to buy the Harry Potter books.
- C. The author has published seven books in the Harry Potter series.
- D. Children are looking forward to the eighth Harry Potter book.

47. According to paragraph 2, parents are happy about the Harry Potter books because _____.

- A. kids are reading more these days
- B. kids have stopped watching television
- C. kids are writing more stories now
- D. kids are becoming more imaginative

48. Why does the author mention Cabbage Patch Kids in the passage?

- A. Because they were more popular than the Harry Potter books.
- B. To better explain the success of the Harry Potter books.

- C. Because they were the most popular toys.
- D. To inform readers of the importance of toys.

49. What is the best title for this passage?

- A. Harry Growing Up
- B. Coming Of Age
- C. Mad About Harry
- D. A Successful Life

50. Where would the following sentence best fit into paragraph 2, (A), (B), (C) or (D)?

Stores sell out immediately, and parents sometimes fight with each other to buy the last one.

B)非选择题: 阅读下列三篇材料, 然后按要求完成所给出的题目。(Read the following three passages. Each passage is followed by several questions. Respond to the questions, according to the passages.) (答案写在答题纸上)

A

Can you get paid to do what _____? John Harrison does! He tastes ice cream for Dreyers, the largest ice cream company in America. Every day, John tastes each kind of ice cream at the Dreyers factory. He samples Chocolate Fudge Chunk, Real Strawberry, Cookies and Cream, and many more flavours. He makes sure the ice cream is delicious.



How did he get such a great job? John says ice cream is in his genes, because his family has been in the dairy business for more than 100 years. When John was growing up, he worked in his uncle's ice cream company. His uncle taught him about the ingredients and the process of making good ice cream.

However, the most important way John learned about ice cream was by eating it. He trained his tongue to recognise the difference between good ice cream and the best ice cream. So far, John has tasted more than 180 million gallons of ice cream! He uses a gold spoon when he samples ice cream because other kinds of spoons affect its taste.

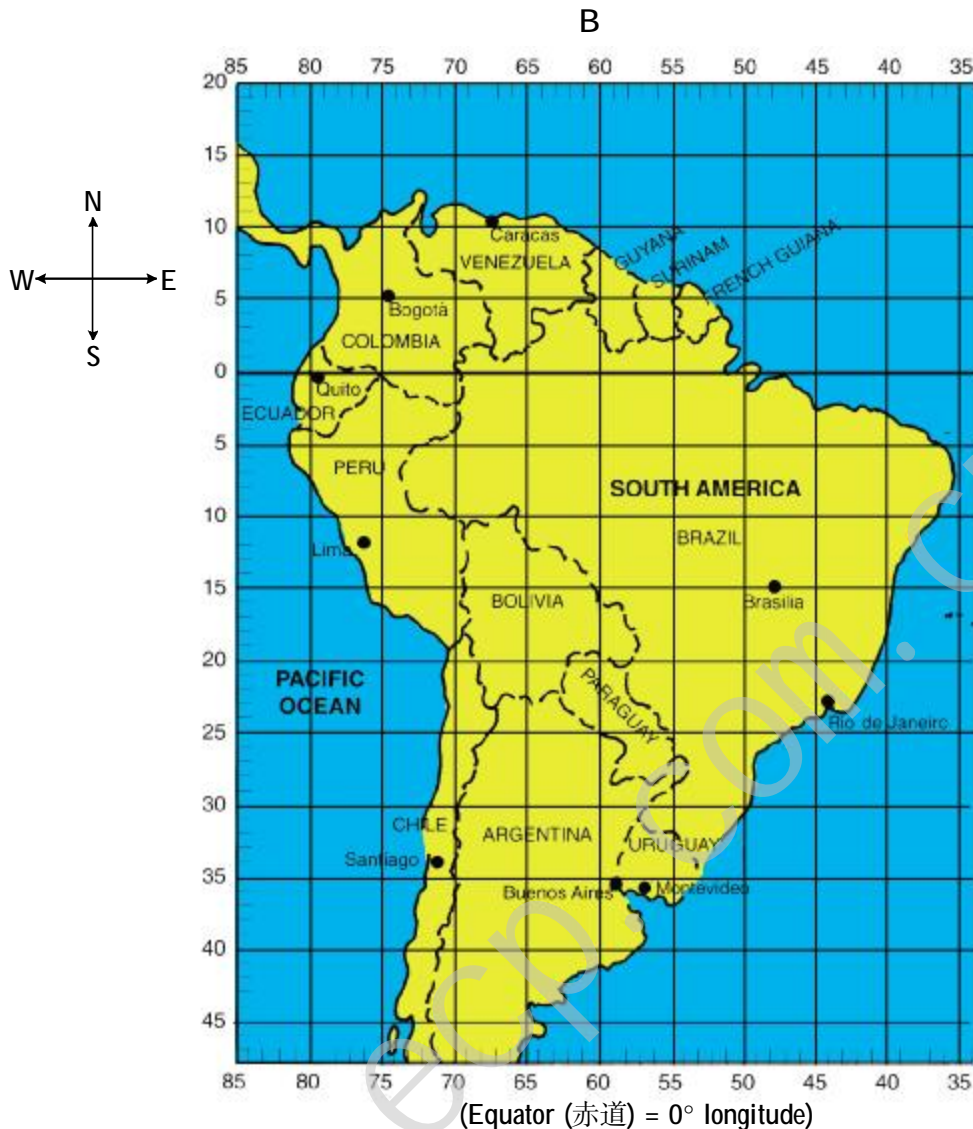
John carefully protects his special tasting skills. He avoids eating spicy foods, such as pepper and garlic. He doesn't smoke or drink alcohol, either. John's special skills are very important to Dreyers. In fact, Dreyers has insured John's tongue for one million dollars!

John never imagined having such a cool job! He turned a love for ice cream into a career. Developing your own interests could get you a job you love, too.

Question 51: Fill in the blank in the first paragraph with no more than three appropriate words.

Questions 52-54: Answer the questions.

- 52. Which word in paragraph 2 means "the items that are mixed together to make something to eat"?
- 53. Why does John use a gold spoon when he is tasting ice cream?
- 54. Why does John not smoke or drink alcohol?



Questions 55-59: Answer the questions.

55. How many degrees apart are the lines of latitude (纬度) and the lines of longitude (经度) on this map?
56. Which three South American countries does the equator run through?
57. Which city is located at about 23° south latitude, 44° west longitude?
58. Suppose you're on a ship anchored (抛锚) in the harbour of Buenos Aires. Give the location of your ship in latitude and longitude.
59. Is Montevideo east or west of Santiago?

C

It's nine o'clock on a Tuesday night. You are trying to finish your maths assignment. You have only two problems left to go. Almost done! You are looking forward to a nice snack and your favourite TV show. You read the next problem and groan (叹息). You don't have a clue how to do it. You check your notes from class and you try reading your textbook, but the problem might as well be written in a foreign language.

(60) Does this sound familiar? Most people who have taken any kind of maths class have had this experience. What do you do when you get stuck? Perhaps you call a friend. Or you ask a family

member for help. But what if it's late at night?

(61) Years ago there were very few ways to get help if you were stuck on a maths problem. Maths is different from other school subjects. You often cannot find what to do in a book. A dictionary or even an encyclopedia (百科全书) probably won't help you. You need someone to show you the steps. Learning most kinds of maths is something like learning to play a musical instrument. You need a coach to show you what to do.

In many areas now there are homework telephone lines. These hot lines have volunteers. They can help you do homework in all subjects. A maths volunteer can explain the steps in a maths problem that has you stumped (难住).

Today you can also get help on the Internet. There are several homework help programmes and Web pages. In some, you leave your question on a message board. Or you write it in an e-mail note. In other maths-help programmes there are live volunteer teachers. You can wait for a real maths teacher to help you do the problem.

Questions 60-61: Translate the underlined sentences into Chinese.

Questions 62-65: Complete the statements or answer the question.

62. This passage is mostly concerned with _____.
63. In the first paragraph, the writer asks you to _____ doing your maths homework.
64. The writer compares learning maths to _____.
65. What suggestions does the writer give to get help? (within 20 words)

III. 完形填空(Cloze) (共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,计 15 分)

A) 阅读下面的短文, 结合文意用右边所给单词的适当形式填空。(For questions 66-70, read the passage below. Use the word given in bold at the end of the line to form a word that fits in the space on the same line.) (答案写在答题纸上)



London Eye

The London Eye, the giant observation wheel, is a new landmark for London.

It is one of the most popular (66) _____ attract in the world. The wheel is the largest of its kind, at a (67) _____ of 135 metres. high

One thousand seven hundred tons of steel were used in its construction. People are making special journeys to see the (68) _____ giant wheel. Fifteen thousand excite fly the Eye every day.

The architects, Julia Barfield and her husband David Marks, were the (69) _____ of the London Eye. David developed the idea for a giant wheel and Julia design found the ideal site by drawing a circle round London and finding its centre.

Not (70) _____, it took about three years to do all the groundwork to get surprise

the wheel built.

B) 阅读下面的短文，根据首字母提示在空白处填上适当的单词，使短文意义完整。(For questions 71-80, read the passage below. Complete it by filling one word in each blank. The first letter of each word is given.) (答案写在答题纸上)

A "typical" British family used to (71) c _____ of mother, father and two children, but in recent years there have been many (72) c _____ in family life. Some of these have been caused by new laws and others are the (73) r _____ of changes in society. For example, since the law made it easier to get a divorce, the number of divorces has (74) i _____.

Another change has been caused by the fact that people are living (75) l _____ nowadays, and many old people live alone following the death of their partners.

Relationships within the family are (76) d _____ now. Parents treat their children more as equals than they used to, and children have more (77) f _____ to make their own decisions. The father is more involved with (78) b _____ up children, often because the mother goes out to work. Increased leisure facilities and more money mean that there are (79) m _____ opportunities for the individual to take part in activities (80) o _____ the home.

IV. 翻译(Translation) (共 5 小题;每小题 2 分,计 10 分)

用括号中所给的提示将下列句子译成英语。(Translate the following sentences into English, using the hints given in the brackets.) (答案写在答题纸上)

81. 我所欣赏的是她对事情的乐观态度。(What... is...)
82. 很明显,他的意思是会议应该到此结束。(come to an end)
83. 我不太想去看电影。听说那部电影有点乏味。(feel like...)
84. 越来越多的国家开发旅游业,因此需要更多的旅行社经纪人。(被动语态)
85. 专注于电脑游戏,他忘了给老板翻译那份报告。(absorb)

V. 短文改错(Error correction) (共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,计 10 分)

此题要求改正所给短文中的错误。对标有题号的每一行作出判断:如无错误,在该行右边横线上画一个勾(√);如有错误(每行只有一个错误),则按下列情况改正:

此行多一个词:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉,在该行右边横线上写出该词,并用斜线划掉。

此行缺一个词:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧),在该行右边横线上写出该加的词。

此行错一个词:在错的词下划一横线,在该行右边横线上写出改正后的词。

注意:原行没有错的不要改。(答案写在答题纸上)

Dear Li Fei,

Well, here I am in the UK. Everything's OK, but you won't believe this! I got robbed on my first day here! I was walking back to my hotel then two young guys stopped me. I tried to run away, but they threatened me with a knife. I thought they are going to hurt me, so I handed over all my money, my watch, everything. Then they ran off. I was so shock that I couldn't really speak for five minutes. Then I realised that there were several of other people in the street and nobody had tried to do something about it. I got really angry and

	86. _____
	87. _____
	88. _____
	89. _____
	90. _____
	91. _____

started shouting at everyone! I could have killed and they were all just standing around, watching. I reported to the police. My dad sent me some money, it was a big help, and now I'm just trying to make the most of rest of my time here.

Anyway, I hope you're well.
All the best,
Zhang Lu

- 92. _____
- 93. _____
- 94. _____
- 95. _____

VI. 智力测试(IQ)(共 5 小题;每小题 1 分,计 5 分)

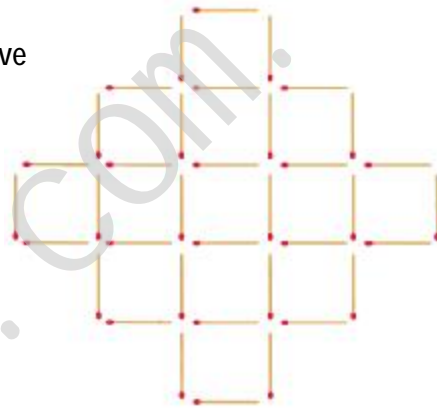
回答下列问题。(Answer the following questions.) (答案写在答题纸上)

96. Before Sir Richard Burton attempted to discover the source of the Nile, what was the world's longest river?

97. Insert the correct mathematical signs to make the following calculation work:

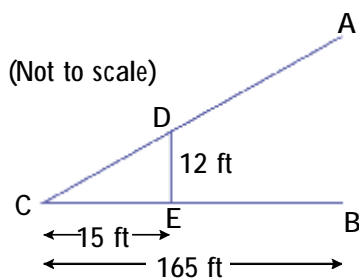
$$6 \ 7 \ 15 \ 13 = 44$$

98. Take away four matches from this diagram to leave eight small squares.

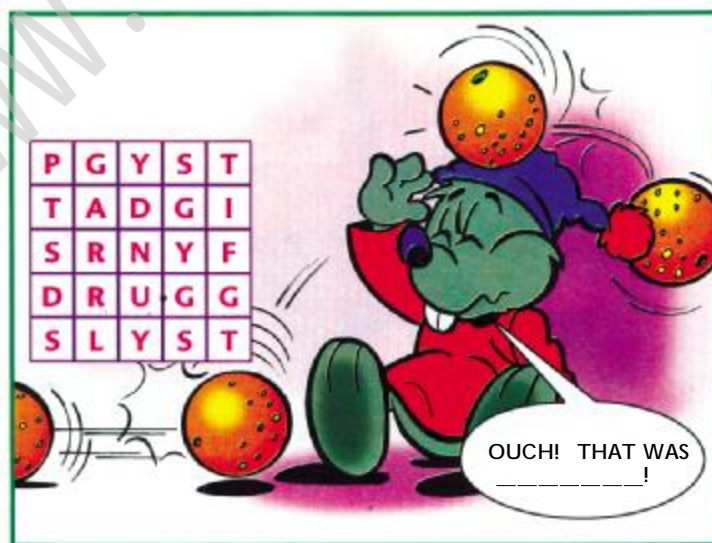


(98 题图)

99. What is the height of line AB?



100. Cross out all the letters that appear more than once in the grid below. The leftover letters will complete what the rat is saying.



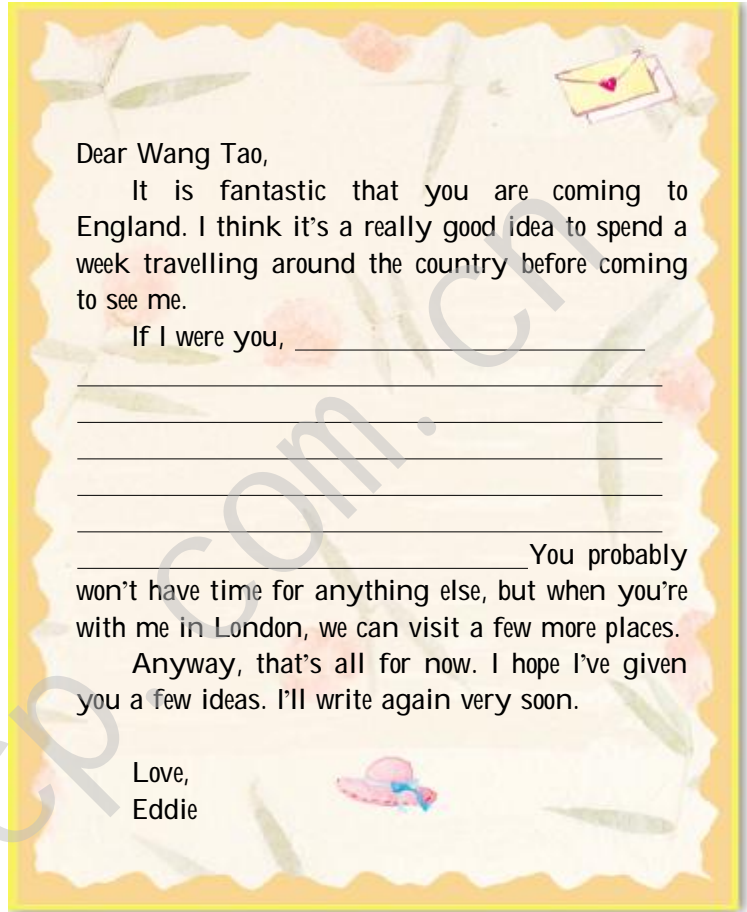
VII. 写作(Writing)(共2题;A题满分10分,B题满分20分,计30分)(答案写在答题纸上)

A) Imagine your name is Eddie and you live in London. Your friend Wang Tao from China is coming to visit you. His holiday begins a week before yours, so he would like to spend a week travelling around the country. Look at the map. Write about 80 words to complete the letter below, giving him some suggestions of places to visit.



Writing hints:

- Heathrow - the biggest airport in Britain
- Stratford - Shakespeare's birthplace
- Warwick - Warwick Castle
- Peak District - countryside
- Manchester - great night life



B) You have been asked to write an article for your class newspaper about a person whom you admire. Write your article in 120-150 words.